

Community notification of sex offenders against children in South Korea: Current laws and policies

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1. What is sex offender registration and notification

Sex Offender Registration & Notification System in Korea

- **Sex offender Information Registration** (based on the Act on Special Cases concerning the Punishment of Sexual Crimes, by the Ministry of Justice)
- **Registered Information Public Disclosure** (based on the Act on the Protection of Children & Youth against Sexual Abuse and Court order, by the Ministry of Gender Equality)
- **Registered Information Community Notification** (based on the Act on the Protection of Children & Youth against Sexual Abuse and Court order, by the Ministry of Gender Equality)

2. Development of the relevant law & policy in Korea

2.1. The purpose of the Act on the Protection of Juvenile in 2000

- To impose **punishment for committing sex offenses against children** or juveniles ;
- To prescribe the procedures therefor;
- To prepare procedures for relieving and assisting victimized children and juveniles;
- To **manage sex offenders against children** or juveniles systematically;
- To protect children against sexual abuse and assisting them to become sound members of society

2.2. Act on the Protection of Juvenile and the term of “buying sex from a child or juvenile”. §2

- **National Youth Commission** shall disclose personal information of offenders buying sex from juveniles through the Gazette not less than twice a year to prevent such crimes.
- The disclosure may include the name, age, occupation of the sex offender against juveniles and summary of the offence (Act of 2000. §20)

2.3. Act on the Protection of Juvenile (Amended in 2005). §22

- Any person subject to registration upon the judgement of his/her risk of re-offending, shall **submit his/her personal information to** the National Youth Commission to prevent sexual crimes against juveniles:
 - **Name;**
 - **Birth date and year;**
 - **Address and actual place of residence;**
 - **Photograph.**

2.4. Introduction and development of public Disclosure system

- Since the introduction of Public Disclosure under the Act on the Protection of Juvenile in 2000, the **Registration and Disclosure system** has been critical preventive measures of re-offending of sex offenders against children.
- Since then, through **series of enactment and amendment of laws(36 times by 2018)**, offences and offenders subject registration, disclosure and notification, range of registered and disclosed information, and enforcement of disclosure and notification order have been changed.

2.5. Act on the Protection of Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (amended in 2005). §24

- The National Youth Commission may disclose registered information to person as follows:
 1. Victim of the offender subject to registration, and legal representatives or lawyers of the victim;
 2. Heads of any schools and educational facilities for juveniles
- The person who read the registered information shall not copy or taking out such information.

2.6. Child Rape and killing cases of *Hyejin-Yaeseol* (2008)

- During the initial stage in developing Sex offender Registration, Disclosure and Notification system in Korea, **empirical studies** on the demands from society or any effectiveness of such system in crime prevention have not much been provided.
- Rather, based on some comparative review of such system in other countries, the system has been implemented by legislations.
- Two of elementary school girls were abducted by serial rapist on Christmas day in 2007, and found dead in March, 2008. **Raging public opinion demanded special measures to protect children against sex offenders.**

2.7. Series of reforming the system in 2009-10

- **Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (fully amended in 2009).**
 - public disclosure of sex offender information through Internet
- **Act on Special Cases concerning the Punishment of Sexual Crimes (enacted in 2010).**
 - public disclosure of all sex offender information
- **Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (amended in 2009)**
 - community notification

2.8. Act on Special Cases concerning the Punishment of Sexual Crimes (enacted in 2010) . §32

- Any person finally declared guilty of a sex crime (crime as defined in the Criminal Act, Act on Special Cases concerning the Punishment of Sexual Crimes, and Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse) shall be a person subject to registration of personal information.

2.9. Act on Special Cases concerning the Punishment of Sexual Crimes (enacted in 2010) . §33.

- Any person subject to registration shall submit his/her personal information to the head of the competent **police office** within 30 days from the date of the judgement
 - **Name;**
 - **Address and the actual place of residence;**
 - **Occupation and the place of work;**
 - **Information on physical build (height and weight);**
 - **photograph**
 - **Registration number of his/her vehicle.**

2.10. Act on Special Cases concerning the Punishment of Sexual Crimes (enacted in 2010) . §35.

- **The Minister of Justice** shall keep and manage any registered information for **10 years** from the date on which it is initially registered.
- The Minister of Justice shall eliminate any registered information immediately after the expiration of the period.

2.11. Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (fully amended in 2009). §33

- Any person finally declared **guilty of a sexual crime against a child or a juvenile** shall be a person subject to registration of personal information.

2.12. Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (fully amended in 2009). §34

- **Registration information** provided for public disclosure shall be as follows:
 - Name;
 - Resident Registration Number;
 - Address and **actual place of residence** ;
 - Address of place of work;
 - **Body size (height and weight)**;
 - Photograph;
 - **Vehicle registration number.**

2.13. Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (fully amended in 2009). §38.

- The court shall pronounce an order to **disclose information through an information and communications network** during the registration period, with a judgment on a sex offense case against a child or juvenile
 - A person who commits sexual assault against a child under 13
 - A person who was ordered of public disclosure and then reoffends a sex crime against a child or juvenile;
 - A person who has committed a sex offense against a child or juvenile and is deemed likely to recommit a sex offense against a child or juvenile;
 - A person who has committed a sex offense against a child under 13 and is deemed likely to recommit a sex offense against a child under 13;

2.14. Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (fully amended in 2009). §38.

- Registration information provided for **public disclosure** shall be as follows:
 - Name;
 - Age;
 - Address and actual place of residence (**up to the name of town**);
 - Body size (height and weight);
 - Photograph;
 - Summary of a sex offense subject to registration.

2.15. Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (fully amended in 2009). §43.

- Information for disclosure shall be **used only to identify persons who are likely to commit sex offenses in order to protect children and juveniles against sexual abuse.**
- No one who ascertains information for disclosure shall do any of the following acts by using such information for disclosure:
 - Releasing information for disclosure through a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, broadcasting or information and communications networks;
 - Correcting or deleting information for disclosure.

2.16. Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (fully amended in 2009). §43.

- No one who has ascertained the information for disclosure shall discriminate against persons subject to disclosure of information by using such information for disclosure for any of the following purposes, other than for the purposes of protection from sex offenses subject to registration:
 - Employment (excluding employment by child or juvenile-related institutions);
 - Use of houses or social welfare facilities;
 - Education and vocational training at educational institutions

3. Registration system of sex offender against children

3.1. Act on Special Cases concerning the Punishment of Sexual Crimes (amended in 2016).

- Persons Subject to Registration of Personal Information (§42)
- Duty to Submit Personal Information (§43)
- Duty to Report When Travel Abroad (§43-2)
- Registration of Personal Information on Persons Subject to Registration (§44)
- Management of Registered Information (§45)
- Exemption from Registered Information (§45-2)
- Elimination of Registered Information (§45-3)
- Utilization of Registered Information (§46)

3.2. Duty to Submit Personal Information (§43)

- *Any person subject to registration shall submit his/her personal information to the head of the **competent police office** within 30 days from the date of the judgment .*
- Name;
- Resident registration number;
- Address and the actual place of residence;
- Occupation and the place of work, etc.;
- **Contact information** (referring to a telephone number and an e-mail address)
- Information on physical build (height and weight);
- Registration number of his/her vehicle.

3.3. Duty to Submit Personal Information (§43)

- Any person subject to registration shall, every subsequent year after the date of his/her initial registration, be present at the police office that has jurisdiction over his/her place of domicile and allow the head of the **police office to take color bust photographs** showing the front, left and right sides of and a full-length color photograph of his/her own body and to keep and preserve records thereof in electronic form

3.4. Registration of Personal Information on Persons Subject to Registration (§44)

- **The Minister of Justice** shall register the personal information and the following information on persons subject to registration:
 - Information on the **personal history of sex crimes** subject to registration;
 - **Previous convictions** for sex crimes (the names and frequency of such crimes);
 - Whether they are subject to **electronic monitoring** under the Act on the Probation, Electronic Monitoring, etc. of Specific Criminal Offenders.

3.5. Management of Registered Information (§45)

- The Minister of Justice shall keep and manage any registered information for from the date on which it is initially registered.
 - for 30 years when sentenced to death, life or imprisonment of more than 10 years;
 - for 20 years when sentenced to imprisonment of 3 years to 10 years;
 - for 15 years when sentenced to imprisonment of less than 3 years;
 - for 10 years when sentenced to fine.

3.6. Utilization of Registered Information (§46)

- The Minister of Justice may **distribute registered information to public prosecutors and the heads of police offices** to utilize it in preventing and investigating crimes associated with the sex crimes subject to registration.

4. Public Disclosure system of sex offender against children

4.1. Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (amended in 2016).

- Disclosure of Registered Information (§49)
- Execution of Orders to Disclose Information (§52)
- Prohibition of Abuse of Information for Disclosure (§55)

4.2. Disclosure of Registered Information (§49①)

- With respect to any of the following persons, **the court shall pronounce an order to disclose information through an information and communications network during the registration period** with a judgment on a sex offense case against a child or juvenile:
 - A person who commits sexual assault against a child or juvenile;
 - A person who commits a crime under the Act on Special Cases concerning the Punishment, etc. of Sexual Crimes;
 - A person who has committed a sex offense against a child or juvenile under the age of 13
 - A person who is deemed likely to recommit a sex offense against a child or juvenile under the age of 13;

4.3. Disclosure of Registered Information (§49③)

- **Registration information provided for public disclosure** shall be as follows:
 - Name;
 - Age;
 - Address and actual place of residence (up to road name);
 - Body size (height and weight);
 - Photograph;
 - Summary of a sex offense subject to registration (including date of judgment, name of the offense and pronounced sentence);
 - Previous criminal record of sexual assault (names of crimes and number of time of crimes);
 - Whether an electronic device is attached in accordance with the Act on the Probation and Electronic Monitoring, etc. of Specific Criminal Offenders.

4.4. Execution of Orders to Disclose Information (§52)

- The Minister of Gender Equality and Family shall execute orders to disclose information through an information and communications network.

4.5. Prohibition of Abuse of Information for Disclosure (§55)

- Information for disclosure shall be used **only to identify persons who are likely to commit sex offenses in order to protect children and juveniles against sexual abuse.**
- No one who ascertains information for disclosure shall do any of the following acts by using such information for disclosure:
 - **Releasing information for disclosure** through a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, broadcasting or information and communications networks;
 - Correcting or deleting information for disclosure.

4.6. Prohibition of Abuse of Information for Disclosure (§55)

- No one who has ascertained the information for disclosure shall **discriminate against persons subject to disclosure of information** by using such information for disclosure for any of the following purposes, other than for the purposes of protection from sex offenses subject to registration:
 - Employment (excluding employment by child or juvenile-related institutions);
 - Use of houses or social welfare facilities;
 - Education and vocational training at educational institutions.

5. Community notification system of sex offender against children

5.1. Act on the Protection of Children & Juvenile against Sexual Abuse (amended in 2016).

- Notification of Registered Information (§50)
- Execution of Orders to Notify Information (§51)
- Prohibition of Abuse of Information for Disclosure (§55)

5.2. Notification of Registered Information (§50①)

- With respect to any of the following persons, who are subject to disclosure of information, **the court shall issue an order to notify during a period set to disclose information** with a judgment on a sex offense case subject to registration:
 - A person who has committed sexual assault against a child or juvenile;
 - A person who commits a crime under the Act on Special Cases concerning the Punishment of Sexual Crimes

5.3. Notification of Registered Information (§50④)

- Information to be notified shall be as follows:
 - Where a person subject to notification of information is already domiciled or has **moved in**, information for disclosure ;
 - his/her address and actual place of domicile shall include his/her **detailed address**;
 - Where a person subject to notification of information relocates, information notified and information concerning his/her **relocation**.

5.4. Notification of Registered Information (§50⑤)

- Information to be notified shall be notified to
 - households of the persons with parental authority or legal representatives of children and juveniles residing in an Eup/Myeon/Dong where a person subject to notification of information is domiciled
 - the heads of day care centers, kindergartens
 - the heads of elementary and secondary schools
 - the heads of Eup/Myeon offices and Dong community centers
 - the heads of private teaching
 - the heads of regional centers for children and youth training facilities

5.5. Execution of Orders to Notify Information (§51)

- The Minister of Gender Equality and Family shall execute orders to notify information through postal services.

6. Implementation of the system

6.1. e-Sex Offender Notification [www.sexoffender.go.kr]

The screenshot shows the homepage of the 'Sex Offender Notification' website. The browser address bar displays 'https://www.sexoffender.go.kr/index.nsc'. The page features a navigation menu with links for '성범죄자 찾아보기' (Find Sex Offender), '사용안내' (User Guide), '제도안내' (System Guide), and '피해예방 지원' (Victim Support). The main content area is divided into several sections:

- 성범죄자 지도 검색 (Sex Offender Map Search):** A blue section with a map icon, stating that users can search for sex offenders by clicking on cities/areas on the map.
- 성범죄자 알림e (Sex Offender Notification e):** A large white section with a woman using a smartphone. It explains that users can receive notifications about sex offenders in their area through mobile devices. Text includes: '이름검색, 각 읍/면/동 및 시도별, 지도 검색을 통해 성범죄자로부터 우리의 자녀를 보호해주세요!' (Please protect our children from sex offenders through name search, search by district/county/province, and map search!) and '성범죄 예방에 도움이 되도록 성범죄자 신상정보와 함께 성범죄 예방과 안전 관련 정보를 제공하오니 적극 활용하여 주시기 바랍니다.' (To help prevent sex crimes, we provide information on sex offenders and related prevention and safety information, so please actively utilize it.)
- 성범죄자 조건 검색 (Sex Offender Condition Search):** A grey section with a magnifying glass icon, stating that users can search for sex offenders within a 1km radius of children's homes, daycares, and schools.
- 스마트폰으로 언제 어디서나 (Smartphone Anytime Anywhere):** An orange section with a smartphone icon, explaining that users can check sex offender information anytime and anywhere using their smartphones. It includes QR codes for Android and iOS app downloads and two numbered steps: 1. '새로운 동네로 이사 갔을 때, 우리 아이들을 유치원과 학교로 보냈을 때, 언제 어디서나 주변 성범죄자를 확인' (When moving to a new neighborhood, when sending our children to kindergarten and school, check for sex offenders around you anytime, anywhere); 2. '알림기능을 설정하면 설정한 시간마다 자신의 주변에 거주하는 성범죄자의 정보를 음성과 메시지로 받고 확인 가능' (If you set the notification function, you can receive and check the information of sex offenders living around you at set intervals via voice and messages).
- 성범죄자 우편 (Sex Offender Mail):** A dark grey section on the right, partially visible, mentioning '성범죄자 아동·청소년 어린이집 정보를 제공' (Provide information on sex offenders, children's homes, and kindergartens).

At the bottom, a disclaimer states: '공개정보는 아동·청소년 등을 보호하기 위하여 성범죄 우려가 있는 자를 확인할 목적으로만 사용되어야 하며 정보통신망 등에 공개하는 등 악용할 경우 관련 법률에 따라 처벌받을 수 있습니다.' (Public information should be used only for the purpose of identifying individuals with a risk of sex crime to protect children and adolescents, and may be punished under related laws if used for purposes such as disclosure on the Information Communications Network Act.)

Below the disclaimer, it says: '또한 공개된 정보를 사용하여 공개 대상자의 고유 조판 또는 사회복지시설의 이름, 고유기과의 고유 및 진인호려 등에 차변을 하여' (In addition, using the disclosed information to create a unique layout or the name of a social welfare facility, the name of a specific hospital, or the name of a person, etc., is prohibited.)

6.2. Number of registered offenders at *e-Sex Offender Notification*



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <https://www.sexoffender.go.kr/m3s3.nsc>. The page title is "성범죄자 찾아보기" (Find Sex Offenders). The main content area is titled "공개현황 (실시간)" (Public Status (Real-time)) and includes a sub-heading "특별시 * 광역시/도 성범죄자 통계" (Statistics of Sex Offenders in Special Cities * Provinces). Below this, there is a table listing the number of registered offenders in various regions.

특별시 * 광역시/도	성범죄자 수
총계	4103명
서울특별시	627명
부산광역시	258명
대구광역시	200명
인천광역시	257명
광주광역시	110명
대전광역시	93명
울산광역시	78명
경기도	983명
강원도	155명
충청북도	131명
충청남도	220명
경기도	180명

6.3. Searching information at e-Sex Offender Notification (1)

The screenshot shows the web browser address bar with the URL https://www.sexoffender.go.kr/m1s2_login.nsc#. The page title is "본인인증 | 성범죄자 알림e". The navigation menu includes "성범죄자 찾아보기", "사용안내", "제도안내", and "피해예방 지원".

성범죄자 찾아보기

Home > 성범죄자 찾아보기 > 본인인증

성범죄자 찾아보기

성범죄자 신상정보를 열람할 수 있습니다.

사용자 인증 완료 후 성범죄자 신상정보를 열람할 수 있습니다.

아래 4가지 항목 중 한가지를 선택하여 본인인증을 진행할 수 있습니다.

공인인증서 I-PIN 인증 휴대폰 인증 주민등록번호

이름 주민등록번호 -

6.4. Searching information at e-Sex Offender Notification (2)

The screenshot shows the website interface for searching sex offenders. The browser address bar displays https://www.sexoffender.go.kr/m1s2_2.nsc. The page title is "지도검색 | 성범죄자 알림e". The navigation menu includes "성범죄자 찾아보기", "사용안내", "제도안내", and "피해예방 지원".

The main content area is titled "성범죄자 찾아보기". On the left, there are search options: "지도로 검색" (selected), "조건으로 검색", "전자우편고지 (정보통신망 고지)", "정정고지", and "공개현황 (실시간)".

The main search area features a heading "성범죄자 찾아보기" and a sub-heading "성범죄자 신상정보를 열람할 수 있습니다." Below this, there is a section for "지도로 검색하기" with the instruction "지도에서 시/도를 클릭하여 성범죄자를 검색할 수 있습니다." A search bar shows "전국" selected, with a note: "*실제 거주지상 주소 기준으로 검색됩니다." Below the search bar is a map of South Korea with regional labels: 강원, 인천, 서울, 경기, 충청, 경북, 경남, 울산, 대전, 세종, 대구, 전북, 전남, 광주, 대전, 서울특별시, 은평, 종로, 강서, 마포, 서대문, 양천, 영등포, 동작, 구로, 금천, 관악.

6.5. Searching information at e-Sex Offender Notification (3)

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL https://www.sexoffender.go.kr/m1s2_3.nsc. The page title is "조건검색 | 성범죄자 알림e". The navigation menu includes "성범죄자 찾아보기", "사용안내", "제도안내", and "피해예방 지원".

The main content area is titled "성범죄자 찾아보기" and includes a breadcrumb trail: "Home > 성범죄자 찾아보기 > 조건 검색". Below the title, there is a sub-header "성범죄자 찾아보기" and a note: "성범죄자 신상정보를 열람할 수 있습니다.".

The search section is titled "조건으로 검색하기" and provides instructions: "이름, 읍/면/동, 학교 반경 1km, 시/도/별 검색, 도로명주소 중 선택하여 성범죄자를 검색해 주세요". The search criteria are as follows:

- 이름
- 읍/면/동
- 학교 반경
- 시도별 검색
- 도로명주소

There is a search input field with the placeholder text "검색어 입력" and a "검색" button. Below the input field, a note states: "검색 단어는 2자 이상 입력하셔야 검색이 가능합니다.".

The search results section is titled "조건으로 검색한 결과" and includes a note: "주소나 학교명을 클릭하시면 해당 범죄자리스트를 보실 수 있습니다.".

이름	주민등록상 거주지	실제 거주지
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6.6. Searching information at e-Sex Offender Notification (4)

The screenshot shows the '성범죄자 찾아보기' (Find Sex Offenders) page on the website https://www.sexoffender.go.kr. The page includes a navigation menu, a search sidebar, and a main content area with search filters and a table of results.

성범죄자 찾아보기

- 지도로 검색
- 조건으로 검색
- 전자우편고지 (정보통신망 고지)
- 정경고지
 - 정경고지 안내
 - 정경고지 신청
 - 정경고지 처리결과 확인
- 공개현황 (실시간)

Home > 성범죄자 찾아보기 > 지도 검색

성범죄자 찾아보기

성범죄자 신상정보를 열람할 수 있습니다.

지도(읍/면/동)검색 결과

이름 또는 주소를 클릭하시면 해당 범죄자 상세정보를 보실 수 있습니다.
지도검색 결과 외에 기타 조건으로 검색하시려면 "조건으로 검색" 메뉴를 이용하여 주시기 바랍니다.

서울특별시 | 종로구 | 전체 | 검색

이름	주민등록상 거주지	실제 거주지
강창근	경상북도 김천시 문지할길 68	서울특별시 종로구 창신동
기세봉	서울특별시 종로구 지봉로 16길 17-1	서울특별시 종로구 지봉로 16길
김도연	서울특별시 종로구 청계천로 331	서울특별시 종로구 청계천로
김영관	서울특별시 종로구 송월1길 73-32	서울특별시 종로구 송월1길 7
김영태	서울특별시 종로구 돈화문로9가길 5-5	서울특별시 종로구 돈화문로9 5-5

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 끝페이지 >>

7. Crime prevention effect of the system

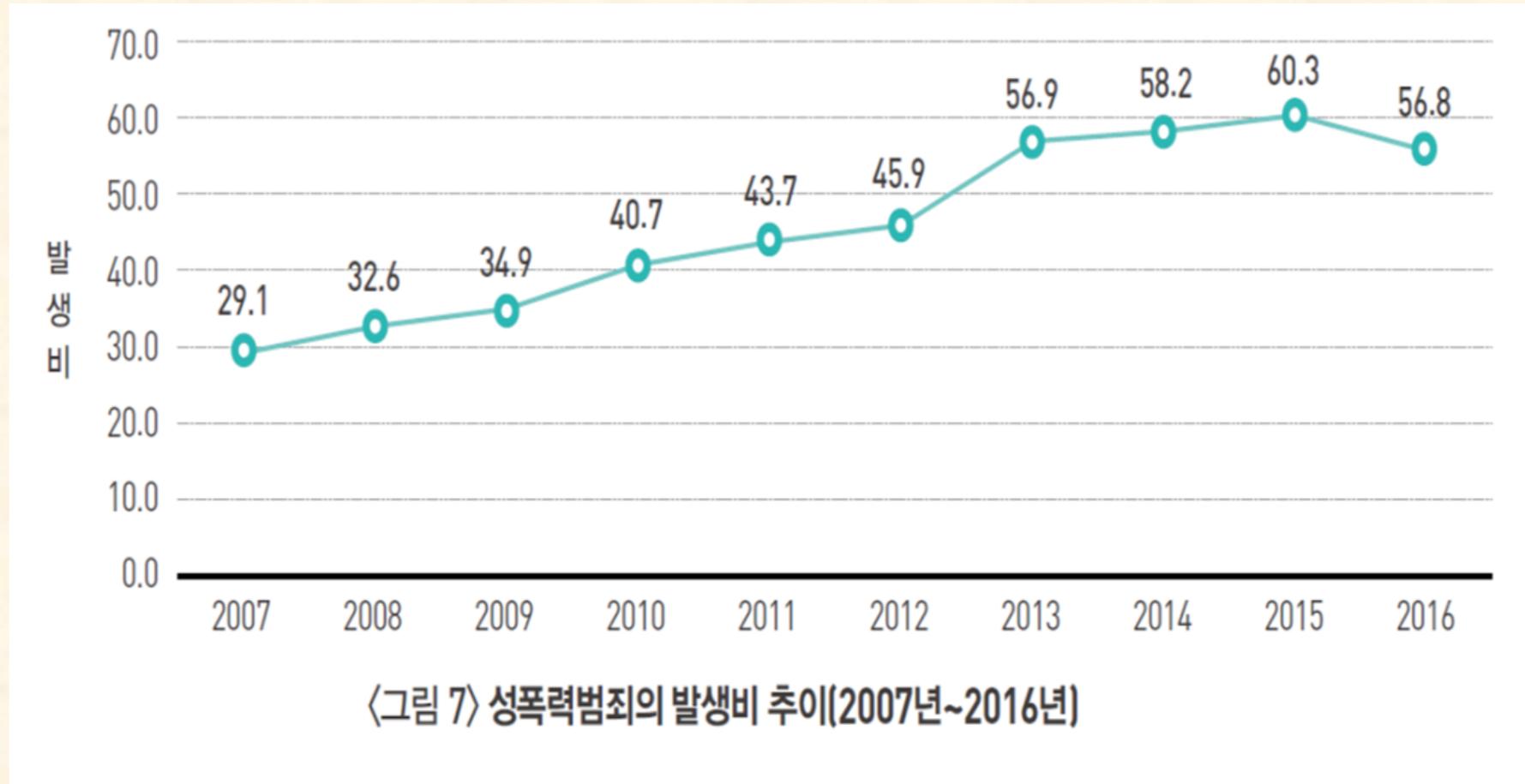
7.1. Protection of Community

[Kim, Jee Sun, *Evaluation of Sex Offender Registration & Community Notification Regulations* (2012), Korean Institute of Criminology]

- People who have accessed any information of sex offenders disclosed or notified **tend to take more efforts to protect themselves and their children from any risk of sex crimes.**
- The disclosure and notification **may increase the fear of crime** in the community,
- but the system also **share information with people** to protect themselves from any risk of crime, and further to take actions to prevent such crimes in their own community.
- This will be evaluated as the effect of the system for community protection.

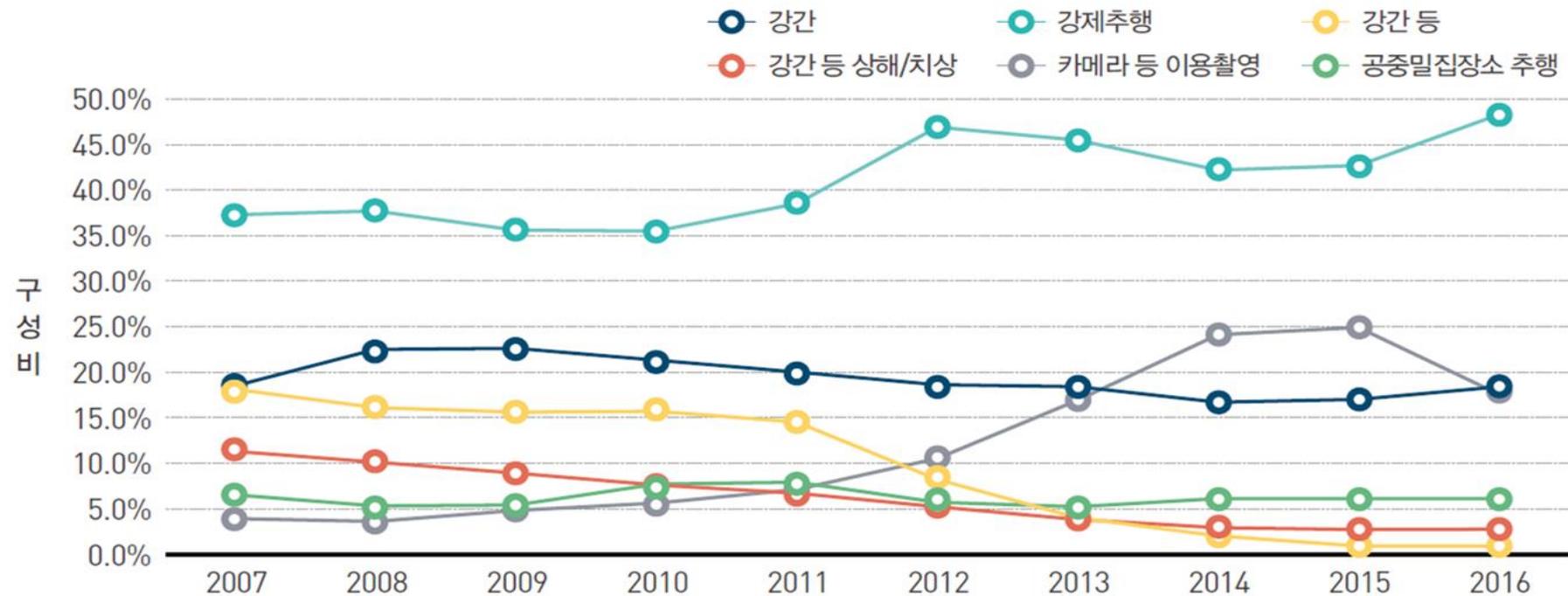
7.2. Rate of Sex crimes

[Official Criminal Statistics: 2007-2016]



7.3. Percentage of sex crimes by types

[Official Criminal Statistics: 2007-2016]



〈그림 8〉 성폭력범죄 주요 유형별 구성비 추이(2007년~2016년)

7.4. General crime prevention

[Kim, Jee Sun, *Evaluation of Sex Offender Registration & Community Notification Regulations* (2012), Korean Institute of Criminology]

- The trends of sex crimes shows that sex crime in general, sex crimes have been gradually increasing. During the period, the first offenders of sex crimes are also increasing.
- There found **little effect of general crime prevention** in the implementation of the sex offender registration and notification system.

7.5. Reduction of recidivism

[Kim, Jee Sun, *Evaluation of Sex Offender Registration & Community Notification Regulations* (2012), Korean Institute of Criminology]

- The rate of re-offending sex crimes by the offenders subject of registration and notification had been increased from 12.6% in 2000 to 18.5% in 2010.
- There found **little effect of reduction of recidivism** in the implementation of the system.

7.6. Limited effectiveness on high-risk offenders

[Youngjae Lee/ Byungbae Kim, An Evaluation of the Effectiveness of Sex Offender Notification on Recidivism : using propensity score weighting method (2018)]

- A recent study using a sample of 23,490 sex offenders registered from 2006 to 2014
- The results of this study are largely consistent with prior studies, reporting little effects of sex offender notification on offender recidivism.
- However, this study finds that the impact of sex offender notification is heterogenous with the effect significantly **larger for the high-risk offenders**

7.7. Negative effects to be considered

- Re-integration of sex offender
- Vigilantism
- Victimization of family members of the offender subject to the system

8. Policy issues on the system in Korea

8.1. Policy Issues in the US

- Evidence to support the effectiveness of public sex offender registries is limited and mixed. Majority of research results do not find statistically significant shift in sexual offense trends following the implementation of sex offender registration and notification system.
- Sex offender registration and notification arguably have been implemented in the absence of empirical evidence regarding their effectiveness.
- Opponents of Megan's Law, like Women Against Registry and Human Rights Watch, have called the law overbroad and an invitation to vigilante violence.

8.2. Policy Issues in Korea for the reform of the system

- Categorizing the offenders subject to the disclosure and notification to differentiate the implementation of the system
- CRIMINAL ACT : Article 297, 297-2, 298, 299, 300, 301, 301-2, 302, 303, or 305 among the crimes concerning rape and infamous conduct prescribed in Chapter XXXII of Part II of the Criminal Act; A crime falling under Article 339 (Robbery and Rape)
- ACT ON SPECIAL CASES CONCERNING THE PUNISHMENT, ETC. OF SEXUAL CRIMES : Article 3 (Special Robbery, Rape, etc.)Article 4 (Aggravated Rape, etc.)Article 5 (Rape, etc. through Abuse of Consanguineous or Marital Relationship)Article 6 (Rape of, or Commission of Indecent Acts by Compulsion on, Persons with Disabilities)Article 7 (Rape of, or Commission of Indecent Acts by Compulsion on, Minors under Age of 13)Article 8 (Bodily Injury Associated with, or Resulting from, Rape, etc.)Article 9 (Murder Associated with Rape, etc., or Rape, etc. Resulting in Death)Article 10 (Indecent Acts through Abuse of Occupational Authority, etc.)Article 11 (Indecent Acts in Crowded Public Places)Article 12 (Intrusion upon Publicly Used Places with Intent to Satisfy Sexual Urges)Article 13 (Obscene Acts by Using Means of Communication)Article 14 (Taking Photos by Using Cameras, etc.)
- ACT ON THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN AND YOUTH AGAINST SEX OFFENSES : Article 7 (Rape, Indecent Act by Force, etc. of Children or Youth)Article 8 (Illicit Sex, etc. with Disabled Children or Youth)Article 9 (Bodily Harm or Injuries Resulting from Rape, etc.)Article 10 (Murder after Rape, etc. or Rape, etc. Resulting in Death)

8.3. Policy Issues in Korea for the reform of the system

- Providing measures to secure the duty of the offenders subject to registration
- ACT ON SPECIAL CASES CONCERNING THE PUNISHMENT, ETC. OF SEXUAL CRIMES Article 50 (3)
Any person who falls under any of the following subparagraphs shall be punished by imprisonment for **not more than one year** or by a fine not exceeding five million won.
- 1. A person who **fails to submit** basic personal information without a justifiable ground or submits any false information, in violation of Article 43 (1), or a person who refuses to be photographed by the head of the competent police office or the head of the relevant correctional facility without a justifiable ground, in violation of paragraph (2) of the same Article;
- 2. A person who fails to submit any changed information or submits any **false information** on change without a justifiable ground, in violation of Article 43 (3) (including cases applied mutatis mutandis under Article 44 (6));
- 3. A person who fails to be present at the competent police office or **refuses to be photographed** without a justifiable ground, in violation of Article 43 (4) (including cases applied mutatis mutandis under Article 44 (6)).

8.4. Policy Issues in Korea for the reform of the system

- Review of the effectiveness of disclosure through the Internet and notification to household.
- Integrating authorities of managing registration and notification system.

Thank you!

감사합니다!