

**Speaker:** *Kjell Elefalk*

**Presentation title:** Local Safety Measurement System in Sweden

Local Safety Measurement System in Sweden. How do The Police measure performance in the delivery of Policing to inhabitants? How do The Police increase the public's influence in Policing? How is it possible to measure the effects of crime prevention in society?

“The test of police efficiency is the absence of crime and disorder, and not the visible evidence of police action in dealing with them.” Sir Robert Peel

In modern reading means such a statement that Police units must methodically measure the volume of crime, disorder, and disturbances to the peace in suitable intervals.

The purpose of this presentation is to provide an IRL approach to the tasks concerning better police efficiency in combatting local crime, disorder, and victimization. The measurement system measures crime and disorder problems on an extremely large scale with data from 280 studies and 100,000s of respondents' answers with the same questions and data collection method between 1997 - 2020. It is important that the time between examination results and operational work is short. It is not good enough to wait many months or even years with results and planning process. Fast collaboration and planning with the Local Government Units is especially important directly in connection with the results being completed. After analysing the results, the Police and The Local Government should develop and tailor partnership work. These systematic measurements in hundreds of Swedish municipalities have for 23 years also been able to be used as indications of how well the work of the police and society has been effective. The presentation will also show the major obstacles to be successful, and the follow-up system with the focus on whether these working methods increase Police efficiency, reduce exposure to crime, boost safety and lift public confidence with data from 20 years in Swedish communities.