## Presentation title:

## "LeSuBiA – A Victimisation Survey on Violence with a Focus on Intimate Partner Violence, Sexual and Digital Violence "

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LeSuBiA (Life Situation, Safety and Strain in Everyday Life) is a victimisation survey on violence with a focus on intimate partner violence, sexual and digital violence against women and men in Germany, that also fulfills the requirements of the ratified Istanbul Convention. With our poster (or presentation), we would like to present the main goals of the project, the innovative elements of the study design and the thematic focus. LeSuBiA is a cooperation project between the Federal Ministry for Family Affairs, Senior Citizens, Women and Youth, the Federal Ministry of the Interior and Community and the Federal Criminal Police Office in Germany. It pursues scientific as well as practical goals. The survey will build the empirical base for many general and in-depth analyses in the field of intimate partner violence, sexual and psychological violence, stalking and the increasingly widespread phenomenon of digital violence, e.g. about the distribution of violence, risk factors and consequences of violence. Furthermore, it will provide an evidence-based foundation for developing and implementing appropriate policy decisions in the field of victim protection, victim assistance and police work. The study design of LeSuBiA is complex and innovative: It is designed as a sequential mixed-mode survey with face-to-face interviews in the beginning followed by an online survey. People with migration background from certain areas are oversampled in order to be able to analyze their specific exposure to violence. In total it is planned to interview more than 22.000 respondents. We will survey women and men, so that we can examine not only the requirements of the Istanbul Conventions but also the differences in the experience of violence in a gender-comparative perspective. Beside established scales, the questionnaire will include innovative interviewing techniques (e.g. item count technique) as well as experimental elements (e.g. factorial surveys).